

(Concepts of) Machine Learning- Lab 2

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Activities



- Multilayer Networks and classification in Matlab
- Transfer learning with Keras

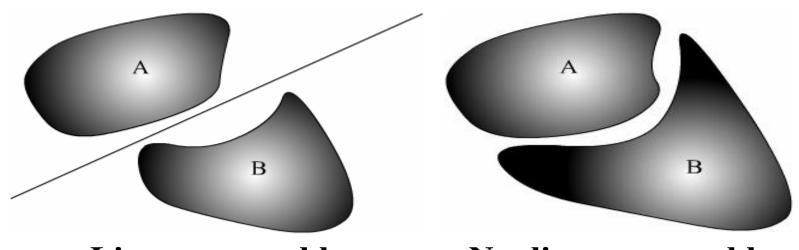
What is a neural network?



Multilayer networks



Non linear separable problems: Training patterns belonging to one output class cannot be separated from training patterns belonging to another class by a straight line, plane or hyperplane.

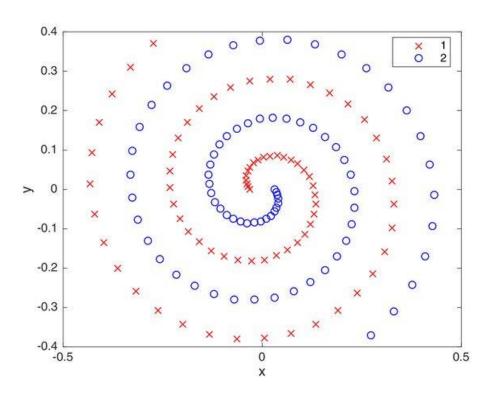


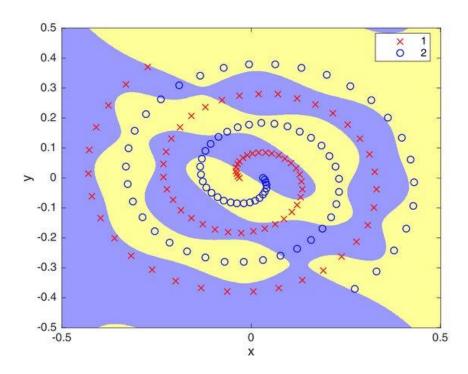
Linear separable

Nonlinear separable



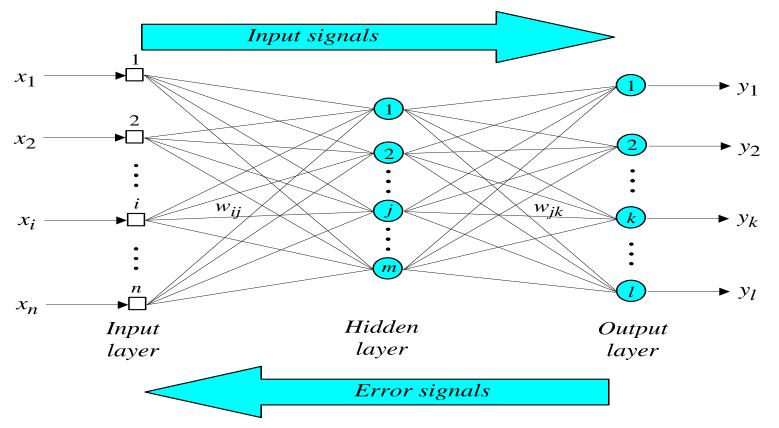






Three-layer back-propagation neural network





For the gradients, Keras implements Automatic differentiation-

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Automatic differentiation

Survey paper: Automatic Differentiation in Machine Learning



5 Backpropagation

Transfer learning



Degree of data similarity

Scenario II

Target domain data set is small and has a high degree of similarity with the source domain data

Scenario I

Target domain data set is large and has a high degree of similarity with the source domain data

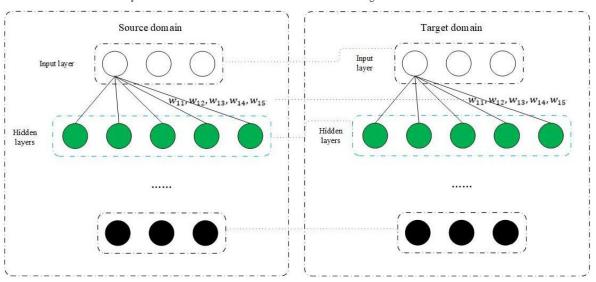
Scenario III

Target domain data set is small and has a low degree of similarity with the source domain data

Scenario IV

Target domain data set is large and has a low degree of similarity with the source domain data

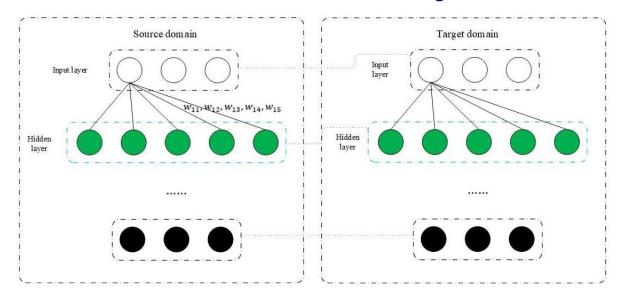
Size of data set 6



Transfer network structure and weights



Transfer network structure and initiliase weights





Pretrained models for images



- VGGNET: Introduced by Simonyan and Zisserman in their 2014 paper, Very Deep Convolutional Networks for Large Scale Image Recognition.
- RESNET: First introduced by He et al. in their 2015 paper, Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition
- INCEPTION: The "Inception" micro-architecture was first introduced by Szegedy et al. in their 2014 paper, Going Deeper with Convolutions
- XCEPTION: Xception was proposed by François Chollet, the creator of the Keras library